CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended DECEMBER 31, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION

BEYER & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Wayne R. Beyer, C.P.A.

P.O. Box 366 / 442 West Oaklawn Pleasanton, Texas 78064 Phone: (830) 569-8781 ~ Fax: (830) 569-6776

E-mail: general@beyerandco.net

111 North Odem Sinton, Texas 78387

Please reply to Pleasanton address

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council Hallettsville, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hallettsville, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hallettsville, Texas, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A, and Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, employee retirement system information, and the OPEB system information on pages 3-11, pages 74-75, and page 76 and be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

BEYER & COMPANY Certified Public Accountants July 16, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Highlights

- . The assets of the City of Hallettsville, Texas exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$24,868,545 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,422,612 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- . The government's total net position increased by \$992,013. The major reason for the increase was a net profit in the electrical department of \$1,577,322. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$699,859. The major reason for this increase was a transfer of \$712,993 from the business type activities and careful budget management. The business type activities net position increased by \$292,154. The major reason for this increase was electric utility net income of \$1,577,322 over a net transfer out of \$712,993.
- . As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Hallettsville, Texas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,535,724, an increase of \$776,088 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 25% of this total amount, \$1,117,668, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- . At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,117,668, or 47 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hallettsville, Texas' basic financial statements. The City of Hallettsville, Texas' basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City of Hallettsville, Texas' assets, and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Hallettsville, Texas is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Hallettsville, Texas that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Hallettsville, Texas include general administration, public safety, public transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Hallettsville, Texas includes the Utility fund.

The government-wide financial statements include only the City of Hallettsville, Texas itself (known as the primary government).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Hallettsville, Texas, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City of Hallettsville, Texas can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, fiduciary funds, and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Hallettsville, Texas maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A and the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B fund, which are major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Hallettsville, Texas adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A and the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A and the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds: The City of Hallettsville, Texas maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Hallettsville, Texas uses enterprise funds to account for its Utility activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the utility fund which is a major fund of the City of Hallettsville, Texas.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-25 of this report.

Trust Fund: The City of Hallettsville, Texas also has one trust fund presented in this report. Such funds are not included in the City-wide statement but are shown separately on pages 26-27.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28-73 of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Hallettsville, Texas' progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74-76 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 77-78 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Hallettsville, Texas, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,868,545 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' net position (66 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Hallettsville, Texas uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Hallettsville, Texas' investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and Other Assets	\$4,989,908	\$4,238,542	\$5,064,724	\$4,595,299	\$10,054,632	\$8,833,841
Restricted Assets:	215,276	163,041			215,276	163,041
Capital Assets:	9,237,536	9,061,346	7,187,820	7,139,951	16,425,356	16,201,297
Total Assets	14,442,720	13,462,929	12,252,544	11,735,250	26,695,264	25,198,179
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	195,326	497,943	124,671	296,604	319,997	794,547
Long-Term Liabilities	480,193	782,241	309,535	476,232	789,728	1,258,473
Other Liabilities	116,532	131,149	478,806	432,367	595,338	563,516
Total Liabilities	596,725	913,390	788,341	908,599	1,385,066	1,821,989
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	577,917	283,937	183,733	10,268	761,650	294,205
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	9,237,536	9,061,346	7,187,820	7,139,951	16,425,356	16,201,297
Restricted	2,973,877	2,354,980	46,700	46,700	3,020,577	2,401,680
Unrestricted	1,251,991	1,347,219	4,170,621	3,926,336	5,422,612	5,273,555
Total Net Position	\$13,463,404	\$12,763,545	\$11,405,141	\$11,112,987	\$24,868,545	\$23,876,532

An additional portion of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' net position (12 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$5,422,612) may be used to meet the governments on going obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hallettsville, Texas reported a positive balance in the governmental activities and a positive balance in the business-type activities. For the prior fiscal year, the City of Hallettsville, Texas reported position, both for the government, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type.

The government's total net position increased by \$992,013. The major reason for the increase was a net profit in the electrical department of \$1,577,322. The net position of the governmental activities increased by \$699,859. The major reason for this increase was a transfer of \$712,993 from the business type activities and careful budget management. The business type activities net position increased by \$292,154. The major reason for this increase was electric utility net income of \$1,577,322 over a net transfer out of \$712,993.

Governmental activities:

Governmental activities increased the City of Hallettsville, Texas' net position by \$699,859, thereby accounting for 71 percent of the total growth in the net position of the City of Hallettsville, Texas. The major reason for this increase was a transfer of \$712,993 from the business type activities and careful budget management.

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$112,926	\$174,738	\$5,658,578	\$5,612,123	\$5,771,504	\$5,786,861
Operating Grants and Contributions	37,871	2,112	0		37,871	2,112
Capital Grants and Contributions	0		0	156,873	0	156,873
General Revenues:						
Maintenance and Operations Taxes	431,127	390,074			431,127	390,074
Sales Taxes	1,321,424	1,290,920			1,321,424	1,290,920
Franchise Taxes	60,972	64,990			60,972	64,990
Other Taxes	74,224	92,691			74,224	92,691
Licenses and permits	23,564	24,437			23,564	24,437
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to						
Specific Programs	656,747	117,063			656,747	117,063
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	35,633	80,496	21,961	65,077	57,594	145,573
Miscellaneous	283,421	174,536	44,436	26,106	327,857	200,642
Total Revenue	3,037,909	2,412,057	5,724,975	5,860,179	8,762,884	8,272,236
Expenses:						
General Administration	792,306	297,103			792,306	297,103
Public Facilities	2,546	2,546			2,546	2,546
Public Safety	1,139,737	935,655			1,139,737	935,655
Public Transportation	358,613	405,810			358,613	405,810
Culture and Recreation	757,841	642,332			757,841	642,332
Utility			4,719,828	4,509,645	4,719,828	4,509,645
Total Expenses	3,051,043	2,283,446	4,719,828	4,509,645	7,770,871	6,793,091
Increase in Net Position before	(13,134)	128,611	1,005,147	1,350,534	992,013	1,479,145
transfers and special items	· · · · ·	,				
Transfers	712,993	857,989	(712,993)	(857,989)	0	0
Increase in Net Position	699,859	986,600	292,154	492,545	992,013	1,479,145
Net Position at 12/31/2019	12,763,545	11,776,945	11,112,987	10,620,442	23,876,532	22,397,387
Net Position at 12/31/2020	\$13,463,404	\$12,763,545	\$11,405,141	\$11,112,987	\$24,868,545	\$23,876,532
	<i><i><i>x</i>-<i>c</i>,<i>c</i>,<i>i</i></i></i>	<i> </i>	<i> </i>	<i> </i>	<i>+-.,000,010</i>	<i>120,070,000</i>

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

	Program Revenues				
	Operating Capita				
	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
\$792,306	\$0	\$0	\$0		
2,546	0	0	0		
1,139,737	68,582	0	0		
358,613	0	0	0		
757,841	44,344	37,871	0		
\$3,051,043	\$112,926	\$37,871	\$0		
	\$792,306 2,546 1,139,737 358,613 757,841	Charges for Expenses Services \$792,306 \$0 2,546 0 1,139,737 68,582 358,613 0 757,841 44,344	Charges for Expenses Operating Grants and Contributions \$792,306 \$0 \$792,306 \$0 \$1,139,737 68,582 \$358,613 0 0 0 757,841 44,344		

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

	REVENUES	%
Charges for Services	\$112,926	4%
Operating Grants and Contributions	37,871	1%
Maintenance and Operations Taxes	431,127	14%
Sales Taxes	1,321,424	43%
Franchise Taxes	60,972	2%
Other Taxes	74,224	2%
License and Permits	23,564	1%
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to		
Specific Programs	656,747	22%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	35,633	1%
Miscellaneous	283,421	10%
	\$3,037,909	100%

Business-type activities:

The business-type activities net position increased by \$292,154. The major reason for this increase was electric utility net income of \$1,577,322 over a net transfer out of \$712,993.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business Activities

		Program Revenues			
		Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions		
Primary Government					
Business-Type Activities:					
Electric	2,474,887	\$4,052,209	\$0		
Water	668,980	565,595	0		
Sewer	265,132	395,690	0		
Public Works	178,572		0		
Solid Waste	608,719	645,084	0		
Administration	523,538		0		
Total Business-Type Activities	\$4,719,828	\$5,658,578	\$0		

Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities

REVENUES	<u>%</u>
\$5,658,578	98.84%
21,961	0.38%
44,436	0.78%
\$5,724,975	100.00%
	\$5,658,578 21,961 44,436

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Hallettsville, Texas uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds:

The focus of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Hallettsville, Texas' financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Hallettsville, Texas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,535,724, an increase of \$776,088 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 25 percent of this total amount \$1,117,668 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or committed.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Hallettsville, Texas. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,117,668, while total fund balance reached was \$1,496,251. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 47 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 64 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' general fund increased by \$41,343 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

. This increase is due mainly to careful budget management.

At the end of the current fiscal year, restricted fund balance of the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A was \$1,660,739, while total fund balance reached was \$1,661,721. As a measure of the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both restricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Restricted fund balance represents 2037 percent of total Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A expenditures, while total fund balance represents 2038 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A increased by \$241,805 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

. This increase is due mainly to sales tax revenues of \$330,356.

At the end of the current fiscal year, restricted fund balance of the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B was \$1,015,244, while total fund balance reached was \$1,016,226. As a measure of the Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both restricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Restricted fund balance represents 1012 percent of total Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B expenditures, while total fund balance represents 1013 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A increased by \$220,236 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

. This increase is due mainly to sales tax revenues of \$330,356.

Proprietary funds:

The City of Hallettsville, Texas' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Utility fund at the end of the year amounted to \$4,170,621. The increase in net position was \$292,154. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was an increase between the original budget and the final amended budget in the general fund of \$128,831. The main increase occurred in the Parks Department which increased by \$169,615 which was precipitated by an increased in fixed capital of \$224,894.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets:

The City of Hallettsville, Texas' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2020, amounts to \$16,425,356 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the City of Hallettsville, Texas' investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.38 percent (a 1.94 percent increase for governmental activities and a .67 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

. The City had street, water, and sewer facility projects.

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Land	\$2,027,351	\$2,027,351	\$37,611	\$37,611	\$2,064,962	\$2,064,962
Construction in Progress	230,698	184,714	554,846	304,361	785,544	489,075
Building and Improvements	2,920,464	3,005,309	0	0	2,920,464	3,005,309
Machinery and Equipment	255,339	197,109	171,897	222,728	427,236	419,837
Infrastructure	3,803,684	3,646,863			3,803,684	3,646,863
Distribution System			6,423,466	6,575,251	6,423,466	6,575,251
Total	\$9,237,536	\$9,061,346	\$7,187,820	\$7,139,951	\$16,425,356	\$16,201,297

Additional information on the City of Hallettsville, Texas' capital assets can be found in note IV C on pages 40-41 of this report.

Long-term debt:

The City had no bonded debt.

Economic Factors:

There are no currently known facts, conditions, or decisions which are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations on the City of Hallettsville. As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Hallettsville, Texas' finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Department, 101 N. Main, Hallettsville, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Pr	imary Governme	ent
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	A. (AA 5/1		#0 (0 0 000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,629,561	\$3,991,337	\$8,620,898
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	366,806	557,606	924,412
Due to Other Funds	(107,565)	107,565	0
Prepaid Expenses	101,106	21,871	122,977
Inventories	0	386,345	386,345
Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	215,276		215 276
1	215,276		215,276
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land	2,027,351	37,611	2,064,962
	230,698	554,846	2,004,902
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	230,098	554,840	/85,544
Building and Improvements	2,920,464		2,920,464
Machinery and Equipment	255,339	171,897	427,236
Infrastructure	3,803,684	1/1,09/	3,803,684
Distribution System	5,005,084	6,423,466	6,423,466
Total Assets	\$14,442,720	\$12,252,544	\$26,695,264
1041115005	\$11,112,720	\$12,202,011	\$20,075,201
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
GASB 68	150 004	102.040	2(1.022
Deferred Outflow of Resources-Contributions (after 12/31/19)	159,884	102,049	261,933
Difference in expected and actual experience	16,856	10,759	27,615
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs GASB 75	6,894	4,401	11,295
	11 602	7 460	10 154
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>11,692</u> 195,326	7,462	<u>19,154</u> 319,997
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	195,520	124,071	319,997
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	\$81,120	\$247,848	\$328,968
Accrued Wages	35,412	22,094	57,506
Accrued Closure and Post Closure Care	55,412	12,373	12,373
Consumer Meter Deposit		196,491	196,491
Noncurrent Liabilities:			190,191
Due Within One Year	41,432	29,488	70,920
Due in More Than One Year	438,761	280,047	718,808
Total Liabilities	596,725	788,341	1,385,066
			, ,• • •
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections	290,056	0	290,056
GASB 68			-
Difference in projected and actual earnings	286,061	182,584	468,645
GASB 75			
Difference in expected and actual experience	1,800	1,149	2,949
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	577,917	183,733	761,650
NET POSITION			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	9,237,536	7,187,820	16,425,356
Restricted			
Community Development	2,909,712	46,700	2,956,412
	< + + < =		64,165
Municipal Court	64,165		04,105
Municipal Court Unrestricted	64,165 1,251,991	4,170,621	5,422,612

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

					Net (Ex Revenu	ie and	Net (Expense) Revenue and
			Program Revenue		Chang	ges in	Changes in
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government							
Government Activities:							
General Administration	\$792,306				(\$792,306)		(\$792,306)
Public Facility	2,546				(2,546)		(2,546)
Public Safety	1,139,737	68,582			(1,071,155)		(1,071,155)
Public Transportation	358,613				(358,613)		(358,613)
Culture and Recreation	757,841	44,344	37,871		(675,626)		(675,626)
Total Government Activities	3,051,043	112,926	37,871	0	(2,900,246)	0	(2,900,246)
Business-Type Activities:							
Electric	2,474,887	4,052,209				1,577,322	1,577,322
Water	668,980	565,595		0		(103,385)	(103,385)
Sewer	265,132	395,690				130,558	130,558
Public Works	178,572					(178,572)	(178,572)
Solid Waste	608,719	645,084				36,365	36,365
Administration	523,538					(523,538)	(523,538)
Total Business-Type Activities	4,719,828	5,658,578	0	0		938,750	938,750
Total Primary Government	\$7,770,871	\$5,771,504	\$37,871	\$0	(2,900,246)	938,750	(1,961,496)
General Revenues							
Property Taxes, Levies for General Purposes					431,127		431,127
Sales Taxes					1,321,424		1,321,424
Franchise Taxes					60,972		60,972
Other Taxes					74,224		74,224
License and Permits					23,564		23,564
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to							
Specific Programs					656,747		656,747
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					35,633	21,961	57,594
Miscellaneous					283,421	44,436	327,857
Transfers					712,993	(712,993)	0
Total General Revenues and Transfers					3,600,105	(646,596)	2,953,509
Change in Net Position					699,859	292,154	992,013
Net Position - Beginning					12,763,545	11,112,987	23,876,532
Net Position - Ending					\$13,463,404	\$11,405,141	\$24,868,545

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

AbsDr3 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$1,637,965 \$1,630,952 \$997,067 \$363,577 \$4,629,561 Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles) 246,477 $30,411$ $30,411$ $44,481$ $321,780$ Due from Other Funds 880 0 880 0 880 Prepaid Expenses 99,142 982 982 0 101,106 Restricted Assets: Capital Improvements 215,276 215,276 215,276 Total Assets \$21,99,740 \$1,662,345 \$1,028,460 \$378,058 \$55,268,603 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: 215,276 215,276 215,276 Accounts Payable \$107,565 440 440 0 108,445 Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 0 0 0 Observed Mages 35,412 35,412 35,412 266,409 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 <t< th=""><th>ASSETS</th><th>General Fund</th><th>Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A</th><th>Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B</th><th>Other Governmental Funds</th><th>Total Governmental Funds</th></t<>	ASSETS	General Fund	Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A	Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles) $246,477$ $30,411$ $30,411$ $4,481$ $321,780$ Due from Other Funds 880 0 880 0 880 Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Assets: Capital Improvements $215,276$ $215,276$ $215,276$ Total Assets $$$2,199,740$ $$$1,662,345$ $$$1,028,460$ $$$378,058$ $$$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $$$2,299,740$ $$$1,662,345$ $$$1,028,460$ $$$378,058$ $$$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $$$22,610$ $$$184$ $$$11,794$ $$16,532$ $$$81,120$ Due to Other Funds 107,565 440 440 0 108,445 Bank Overdraft 0 0 44,432 44,432 44,432 Compensated Absences 41,432 41,432 44,432 44,432 Unavailable Revenues 100,506 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 290,056 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$1 637 965</td><td>\$1.630.952</td><td>\$997.067</td><td>\$363 577</td><td>\$4 629 561</td></td<>		\$1 637 965	\$1.630.952	\$997.067	\$363 577	\$4 629 561
for Uncollectibles) $246,477$ $30,411$ $30,411$ $14,481$ $321,780$ Due from Other Funds 880 0 880 Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Assets:Capital Improvements $215,276$ $215,276$ $215,276$ Total Assets $$21,99,740$ $$1,662,345$ $$1,028,460$ $$378,058$ $$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:Accounts Payable $$52,610$ $$184$ $$11,794$ $$16,532$ $$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 $108,445$ Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 0 0 Compensated Absences $41,432$ $-41,432$ $-41,432$ $-41,432$ Total Liabilities $277,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Uncarned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $46,470$ 0 0 $466,470$ Fund Balances: $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Nonspendable $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Muncipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Numited $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Community Development $1,17,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ <tr< td=""><td></td><td>\$1,057,905</td><td>\$1,050,752</td><td>\$777,007</td><td>\$505,577</td><td>\$1,029,501</td></tr<>		\$1,057,905	\$1,050,752	\$777,007	\$505,577	\$1,029,501
Due from Other Funds 880 0 880 Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Assets: Capital Improvements $215,276$ $215,276$ $215,276$ Total Assets $52,199,740$ $$1,662,345$ $$1,028,460$ $$378,058$ $$55,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: $$215,276$ $215,276$ $215,276$ $215,276$ Accounts Payable $$52,610$ $$184$ $$11,794$ $$16,532$ $$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ $35,412$ $35,412$ $41,432$ $41,432$ $41,432$ $41,432$ $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,009$ 0 <		246,477	30,411	30,411	14.481	321,780
Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 215,276 215,276 Total Assets $$$2,199,740$ $$1,662,345$ $$1,028,460$ $$378,058$ $$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $$$2,199,740$ $$1,662,345$ $$1,028,460$ $$378,058$ $$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $$$52,610$ $$184$ $$11,794$ $$16,532$ $$81,120$ Due to Other Funds 107,565 440 440 0 108,445 Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 35,412 35,412 Compensated Absences 41,432 41,432 237,019 624 12,234 16,532 266,409 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 176,414 176,414 176,414 176,414 Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 99,142 982 982 0 101,106 Restricted Community Development 1,660,739 1,015,244 233,729 2,909,712 Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 64,165 64,165 <	,	· · · ·			· · ·	· · · ·
Cash and Cash Equivalents Capital Improvements $215,276$ $215,276$ Total Assets $$21,99,740$ $$1,662,345$ $$1.028,460$ $$378,058$ $$52,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $$52,610$ $$184$ $$11,794$ $$16,532$ $$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 40 0 $108,445$ Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ $35,412$ $35,412$ $41,432$ $41,432$ Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ $41,432$ $266,409$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $101,106$ $66,470$ 0	Prepaid Expenses	99,142	982	982	0	101,106
Capital Improvements Total Assets $215,276$ $215,276$ Total Assets $52,199,740$ $\$1,662,345$ $\$1,028,460$ $\$378,058$ $\$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $\$52,610$ $\$184$ $\$11,794$ $\$16,532$ $\$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 0 0 Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 0 Compensated Absences $35,412$ $35,412$ $41,432$ $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Community Development $1,660,739$	Restricted Assets:					
Total Assets $$$2,199,740$ $$1,662,345$ $$1,028,460$ $$378,058$ $$5,268,603$ LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $$$52,610$ $$184$ $$11,794$ $$16,532$ $$$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 $108,445$ Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ $35,412$ $35,412$ Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections $166,470$ 0 0 $466,470$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ <	Cash and Cash Equivalents					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts Payable $\$52,610$ $\$184$ $\$11,794$ $\$16,532$ $\$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ $35,412$ $41,432$ $41,432$ $41,432$ $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $176,414$ $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $466,470$ 0 0 $466,470$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety $1,117,668$ <						
Accounts Payable $\$52,610$ $\$184$ $\$11,794$ $\$16,532$ $\$81,120$ Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 $108,445$ Bank Overdraft 0 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ $35,412$ $35,412$ Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ Total Liabilities $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ Ide region of the region of the sources $176,414$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Unearned Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $466,470$ 0 0 $466,470$ Fund Balances: $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Nonspendable $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ Unassigned $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ Jotal Fund Balance $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$ $4,535,724$	Total Assets	\$2,199,740	\$1,662,345	\$1,028,460	\$378,058	\$5,268,603
Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 $108,445$ Bank Overdraft 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ 0 0 Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ $41,432$ Total Liabilities $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ Uncarned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Community Development Municipal Court $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court Unassigned $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety Unassigned $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$ $4,535,724$	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:					
Due to Other Funds $107,565$ 440 440 0 $108,445$ Bank Overdraft 0 0 Accrued Wages $35,412$ 0 0 Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ $41,432$ Total Liabilities $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $466,470$ 0 0 0 $466,470$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Community Development Municipal Court $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court Unassigned $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety Unassigned $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$ $4,535,724$	Accounts Payable	\$52,610	\$184	\$11,794	\$16,532	\$81,120
Accrued Wages $35,412$ $35,412$ Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ Total Liabilities $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Fund Balances:Nonspendable $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted 0 $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ Unassigned $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$			440			
Compensated Absences $41,432$ $41,432$ Total Liabilities $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $466,470$ 0 0 0 $466,470$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Community Development $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ Unassigned $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$ $4,535,724$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$ <	Bank Overdraft				0	0
Total Liabilities $237,019$ 624 $12,234$ $16,532$ $266,409$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESUnearned Revenues176,414 $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $176,414$ $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Community Development Municipal Court $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court Community Development Public Safety $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Unassigned Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,17,668$ 0 $1,117,668$		35,412				35,412
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unearned Revenues $176,414$ Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections $290,056$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 0 Fund Balances: $366,470$ Nonspendable $99,142$ Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ Restricted $1,660,739$ Community Development $1,660,739$ Municipal Court $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ Public Safety $127,797$ Unassigned $1,117,668$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	1					
Unearned Revenues $176,414$ $176,414$ Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections $290,056$ 0Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $466,470$ 00Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Restricted Community Development $1,660,739$ $1,015,244$ $233,729$ $2,909,712$ Municipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ Unassigned $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$	Total Liabilities	237,019	624	12,234	16,532	266,409
Unavailable Revenue - Advanced Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $290,056$ 0 $290,056$ Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses $466,470$ 0 0 0 $466,470$ Prepaid Expenses Restricted Community Development $99,142$ 982 982 0 $101,106$ Municipal Court $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ $64,165$ Community Development $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ 0 $215,276$ Public Safety $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ $127,797$ Unassigned 0 $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ 0 $1,117,668$ Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, $1,496,251$ $1,661,721$ $1,016,226$ $361,526$ $4,533,724$	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 466,470 0 0 0 466,470 Fund Balances: Nonspendable Prepaid Expenses 99,142 982 982 0 101,106 Restricted Community Development Municipal Court 1,660,739 1,015,244 233,729 2,909,712 Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 64,165 Community Development 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 127,797 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724	Unearned Revenues	176,414				176,414
Fund Balances: Nonspendable 99,142 982 982 0 101,106 Prepaid Expenses 99,142 982 982 0 101,106 Restricted Community Development 1,660,739 1,015,244 233,729 2,909,712 Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 64,165 64,165 Community Development 215,276 0 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 127,797 127,797 127,797 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724						290,056
Nonspendable 99,142 982 982 0 101,106 Restricted 1,660,739 1,015,244 233,729 2,909,712 Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 64,165 Community Development 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	466,470	0	0	0	466,470
Restricted 1,660,739 1,015,244 233,729 2,909,712 Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 64,165 Committed 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 127,797 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724	Nonspendable					
Community Development 1,660,739 1,015,244 233,729 2,909,712 Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 64,165 Community Development 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 1,17,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724		99,142	982	982	0	101,106
Municipal Court 64,165 64,165 Committed 215,276 0 215,276 Community Development 215,276 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724						
Committed Community Development 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 127,977 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724			1,660,739	1,015,244	233,729	
Community Development 215,276 0 215,276 Public Safety 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724		64,165				64,165
Public Safety 127,797 127,797 Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, 1		215 276			0	215 276
Unassigned 1,117,668 0 1,117,668 Total Fund Balance 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, 1,496,251 1,661,721 1,016,226 361,526 4,535,724	5 1	213,270				· · · · ·
Total Fund Balance1,496,2511,661,7211,016,226361,5264,535,724Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	2	1 117 668			· · ·	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			1.661.721	1.016.226		
			-,,	2,010,220	201,020	.,,
<u> </u>	and Fund Balances	\$2,199,740	\$1,662,345	\$1,028,460	\$378,058	\$5,268,603

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position ("SNP") are different because:	\$4,535,724
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	9,237,536
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period	
expenditures are deferred in the funds (net of allowance for uncollectibles).	176,414
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	(47,509)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(438,761)
Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position	\$13,463,404

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

REVENUES Taxes Property \$418,693 \$0 \$418,693 Sales 660,712 330,356 330,356 0 1,321,424 Franchise 60,972 66,457 74,224 Licenses and Permits 23,564 23,564 Intergovernmental 40,767 66,457 74,224 Charges for Services 45,461 81,516 81,516 Intergovernmental 81,516 81,516 81,516 Interest 18,421 9,381 6,623 1,208 35,633 Miscellaneous 208,697 0 74,724 283,421 Total Revenues 1,566,570 339,737 336,979 796,240 3,039,526 EXPENDITURES 200 1,074,829 200 1,075,029 100,343 359,040 806,758 Culture and Recreation 599,872 80,290 680,162 2,355,026 81,532 100,343 439,530 2,976,431 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) 2,355,026 81,		General Fund	Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-A	Sales Tax Mft. Dev. 4-B	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	REVENUES	-				
Sales $660,712$ $330,356$ $330,356$ 0 $1,321,424$ Franchise $60,972$ $60,972$ $60,972$ Other $7,767$ $66,457$ $74,224$ Licenses and Permits $23,564$ $23,564$ Intergovernmental $40,767$ $653,851$ $694,618$ Charges for Services $45,461$ $45,461$ $45,461$ Interest $18,421$ $9,381$ $6,623$ $1,208$ Sicellaneous $208,697$ 0 $74,724$ $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURES $1074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Tansportation $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Nut Operating Transfers Nut Otal Other Financing Sources (Uses) $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,4433$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ <td>Taxes</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Taxes					
Franchise $60,972$ $60,972$ Other7,767 $66,457$ $74,224$ Licenses and Permits23,56423,564Intergovernmental $40,767$ $653,851$ $694,618$ Charges for Services $45,461$ $81,516$ $81,516$ Interest $81,516$ $81,516$ $81,516$ Interest $18,421$ $9,381$ $6,623$ $1,208$ Miscellaneous $208,697$ 0 $74,724$ $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURESCurrent:Current: $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $829,799$ 0 0 $829,799$ Operating Transfers In 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $712,993$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$	Property	\$418,693			\$0	\$418,693
Other 7,767 $66,457$ $74,224$ Licenses and Permits 23,564 23,564 23,564 Intergovernmental $40,767$ $653,851$ $694,618$ Charges for Services $445,461$ $45,461$ $45,461$ Fines and Forfeitures $81,516$ $81,516$ $81,516$ Interest $84,221$ $9,381$ $6,623$ $1,208$ $35,633$ Miscellaneous $208,697$ 0 $74,724$ $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ <i>EXPENDITURES</i> Uurrent: General Administration $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ $9414,482$ $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ $758,230$ $2.976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2.976,431$	Sales	660,712	330,356	330,356	0	1,321,424
Licenses and Permits $23,564$ $23,564$ Intergovernmental $40,767$ $653,851$ $694,618$ Charges for Services $45,461$ $45,461$ $45,461$ Fines and Forfeitures $81,516$ $81,516$ $81,516$ Interest $18,421$ $9,381$ $6,623$ $1,208$ $35,633$ Miscellaneous $208,697$ 0 $74,724$ $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURES $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ Current:General Administration $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Transportation $414,482$ $414,482$ $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Total Expenditures $(788,456)$ $258,205$ $236,636$ $356,710$ $63,095$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $(116,806)$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $829,799$ 0 0 $829,799$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$	Franchise	60,972				60,972
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		7,767			66,457	74,224
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Licenses and Permits	23,564				23,564
Fines and Forfeitures $81,516$ $81,516$ Interest $18,421$ $9,381$ $6,623$ $1,208$ $35,633$ Miscellaneous $208,697$ 0 $74,724$ $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURESCurrent: $General Administration$ $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Transportation $414,482$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $x,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $x,8456$ $258,205$ $236,636$ $356,710$ $63,095$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $(116,806)$ Operating Transfers In $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Operating Sources (Uses) $829,799$ $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $712,993$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$	Intergovernmental	40,767			653,851	694,618
Interest $18,421$ $9,381$ $6,623$ $1,208$ $35,633$ Miscellaneous $208,697$ 0 $74,724$ $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURESCurrent:General Administration $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Transportation $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $258,205$ $236,636$ $356,710$ $63,095$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $(116,806)$ Operating Transfers In $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Operating Transfers Out 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $712,993$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$	Charges for Services	45,461				45,461
Miscellaneous Total Revenues $208,697$ 1,566,570 0 $74,724$ 283,421 $283,421$ Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURES Current: General Administration $265,843$ 1,074,829 $81,532$ $100,343$ 200 $359,040$ 1,075,029Public Safety Public Transportation $414,482$ 414,482 $414,482$ 200 $1,075,029$ 414,482Culture and Recreation Total Expenditures $23,55,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ 439,530 $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(788,456)$ $258,205$ $236,636$ $356,710$ $63,095$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $829,799$ 0 0 ($16,400)$ $(16,400)$ ($16,400)$ $(84,006)$ ($116,806)$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ 	Fines and Forfeitures	81,516				81,516
Total Revenues $1,566,570$ $339,737$ $336,979$ $796,240$ $3,039,526$ EXPENDITURESCurrent: General Administration $265,843$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $359,040$ $806,758$ Public Safety Public Transportation $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Transportation $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures $(788,456)$ $258,205$ $236,636$ $356,710$ $63,095$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$	Interest	18,421	9,381	6,623	1,208	35,633
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Miscellaneous	208,697	0		74,724	283,421
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Total Revenues	1,566,570	339,737	336,979	796,240	3,039,526
Public Safety $1,074,829$ 200 $1,075,029$ Public Transportation $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $(788,456)$ $258,205$ $236,636$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 $829,799$ 0 Operating Transfers In $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Operating Transfers Out 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Net Changes in Fund Balances $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$						
Public Transportation $414,482$ $414,482$ Culture and Recreation $599,872$ $80,290$ $680,162$ Total Expenditures $2,355,026$ $81,532$ $100,343$ $439,530$ $2,976,431$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) $(788,456)$ $258,205$ $236,636$ $356,710$ $63,095$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $(116,806)$ Operating Transfers In 0 $829,799$ 0 $829,799$ Operating Sources (Uses) 0 $(16,400)$ $(16,400)$ $(84,006)$ $(116,806)$ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $41,343$ $241,805$ $220,236$ $272,704$ $776,088$ Fund Balances - Beginning $1,454,908$ $1,419,916$ $795,990$ $88,822$ $3,759,636$	General Administration	265,843	81,532	100,343	359,040	806,758
Culture and Recreation 599,872 80,290 680,162 Total Expenditures 2,355,026 81,532 100,343 439,530 2,976,431 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Operating Transfers Out 0 (16,400) (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 0 829,799 0 829,799 Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	Public Safety	1,074,829			200	1,075,029
Total Expenditures 2,355,026 81,532 100,343 439,530 2,976,431 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 Operating Transfers In 0 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 0 (16,400) (84,006) 712,993 Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	Public Transportation	414,482				414,482
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Operating Transfers Out 0 (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	Culture and Recreation	599,872			80,290	680,162
Expenditures (788,456) 258,205 236,636 356,710 63,095 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Deprating Transfers Out 0 829,799 0 829,799 Otal Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	Total Expenditures	2,355,026	81,532	100,343	439,530	2,976,431
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 0 829,799 0 829,799 Operating Transfers In 0 (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 (16,400) (16,400) (116,806) Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 829,799 0 829,799 Operating Transfers Out 0 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	Expenditures	(788,456)	258,205	236,636	356,710	63,095
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out 829,799 0 829,799 Operating Transfers Out 0 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating Transfers Out 0 (16,400) (84,006) (116,806) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 829,799 (16,400) (16,400) (84,006) 712,993 Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636		829,799			0	829,799
Balances Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636		· · · ·	(16,400)	(16.400)	(84,006)	· · · · ·
Net Changes in Fund Balances 41,343 241,805 220,236 272,704 776,088 Fund Balances - Beginning 1,454,908 1,419,916 795,990 88,822 3,759,636						
	Fund Balances - Beginning	1,454,908	1,419,916	795,990	88,822	3,759,636
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$1,496,251	\$1,661,721	\$1,016,226	\$361,526	\$4,535,724

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$776,088
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position ("SNP") are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays	176 100
exceeded depreciation in the current period. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period	176,190
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(14,051)
GASB 68	
Deferred Outflow of Resources-Contribution. This is the change in these amounts this year.	709
Difference in expected and actual experience. This is the change in these amounts this year.	33,130
Difference in projected and actual earnings. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(624,829)
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs. This is the change in these amounts this year.	6,894
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability from beginning of period to end of period.	338,551
GASB 75	
Difference in expected and actual experience. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(1,378)
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs. This is the change in these amounts this year.	12,235
(Increase) decrease in OPEB Liability from beginning of period to end of period.	(16,114)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	12,434
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities	\$699,859

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020	D 1 / 1			Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted A Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Oligiliai	Tillai	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes				
Property	\$437,750	\$453,750	\$418,693	(\$35,057)
Sales	680,000	600,000	660,712	60,712
Franchise	67,455	67,105	60,972	(6,133)
Other	6,500	7,500	7,767	267
Licenses and Permits	21,000	23,950	23,564	(386)
Intergovernmental	26,100	70,390	40,767	(29,623)
Charges for Services	76,175	45,298	45,461	163
Fines and Forfeitures	130,000	83,500	81,516	(1,984)
Interest	41,000	20,000	18,421	(1,579)
Miscellaneous	231,586	225,086	208,697	(16,389)
Total Revenues	1,717,566	1,596,579	1,566,570	(30,009)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Administration				
General Administration	257,957	265,121	265,843	(722)
Public Safety				
Fire Department	80,631	75,794	70,872	4,922
Fire Marshal	12,200	10,117	10,265	(148)
Municipal Court	85,680	73,951	75,166	(1,215)
Police Department	904,461	911,324	918,526	(7,202)
Public Transportation Streets	286 470	120 050	414 492	14 269
Culture and Recreation	386,479	428,850	414,482	14,368
Airport	86,499	53,333	50,112	3,221
Parks	297,601	467,216	259,082	208,134
Golf	152,036	125,460	115,850	9,610
Library	193,428	174,637	174,828	(191)
Total Expenditures	2,456,972	2,585,803	2,355,026	230,777
				<i>.</i>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(739,406)	(989,224)	(788,456)	200,768
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES).				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	720 406	080 220	820 700	(150 421)
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	739,406	989,220	829,799	(159,421)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	739,406	989,220	829,799	(159,421)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	/39,400	(4)	41,343	41,347
Net Changes in Fund Datances	0	(-)	-1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	41,347
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,454,908	1,454,908	1,454,908	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$1,454,908	\$1,454,904	\$1,496,251	\$41,347

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS SALES TAX MFG. DEV. 4-A STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted A	mounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Sales	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$330,356	\$5,356
Interest	12,000	12,000	9,381	(2,619)
Miscellaneous	1,200	0		0
Total Revenues	338,200	337,000	339,737	2,737
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Administration	1,124,687	1,173,461	81,532	1,091,929
Total Expenditures	1,124,687	1,173,461	81,532	1,091,929
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(786,487)	(836,461)	258,205	1,094,666
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers Out	(16,400)	(16,400)	(16,400)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(16,400)	(16,400)	(16,400)	0
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(802,887)	(852,861)	241,805	1,094,666
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,419,916	1,419,916	1,419,916	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$617,029	\$567,055	\$1,661,721	\$1,094,666

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS SALES TAX MFG. DEV. 4-B STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted A	mounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Sales	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$330,356	\$5,356
Interest	11,000	10,000	6,623	(3,377)
Total Revenues	336,000	335,000	336,979	1,979
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Administration	82,880	107,880	100,343	7,537
Total Expenditures	82,880	107,880	100,343	7,537
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	253,120	227,120	236,636	9,516
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers Out	(552,400)	(552,400)	(16,400)	536,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(552,400)	(552,400)	(16,400)	536,000
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(299,280)	(325,280)	220,236	545,516
Fund Balances - Beginning	795,990	795,990	795,990	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$496,710	\$470,710	\$1,016,226	\$545,516

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

DECEMBER 31, 2020			
	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Utility	Utility	Totals
	Current	Prior	Current
	Year	Year	Year
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,991,337	\$3,651,993	\$3,991,337
Accounts Receivables (Net of Allowance			
for Uncollectibles)	557,606	444,588	557,606
Due from Other Funds	107,565	107,565	107,565
Inventories	386,345	371,167	386,345
Prepaid Expenses	21,871	19,986	21,871
Total Current Assets	5,064,724	4,595,299	5,064,724
Capital Assets			
Land	37,611	37,611	37,611
Construction in Progress	554,846	304,361	554,846
Buildings and Improvements	66,132	66,132	66,132
Machinery and Equipment	2,710,381	2,684,009	2,710,381
Distribution System	19,711,105	19,429,787	19,711,105
Total Capital Assets	23,080,075	22,521,900	23,080,075
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(15,892,255)	(15,381,949)	(15,892,255)
Total Capital Assets (Net of	(15,672,255)	(15,501,515)	(15,6)2,255)
Accumulated Depreciation)	7,187,820	7,139,951	7,187,820
Accumulated Depreciation)	7,107,020	7,159,951	7,107,020
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,187,820	7,139,951	7,187,820
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
GASB 68			
Deferred Outflow of Resources-Contributions (after 12/31/18)		94,814	
Deferred Outflow of Resources-Contributions (after 12/31/19)	102,049	<i>.</i>	102,049
Difference in projected and actual earnings		201,790	
Difference in expected and actual earnings	10,759		10,759
Difference in assumption changes	4,401		4,401
GASB 75	,		· · · · · ·
Difference in assumption changes	7,462		7,462
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	124,671	296,604	124,671
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$12,377,215	\$12,031,854	\$12,377,215

(continued)

	Business-Type Activities		
	Enterprise Funds		
	Utility	Utility	Totals
	Current	Prior	Current
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY	Year	Year	Year
AND OTHER CREDITS			
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Assets)			
Accounts Payable	\$247,848	\$211,906	\$247,848
Accrued Wages	22,094	14,838	22,094
Compensated Absences	29,488	17,041	29,488
Total Current Liabilities	299,430	243,785	299,430
Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets)			
Consumer Meter Deposits	196,491	193,396	196,491
Total Current Liabilities			
Payable from Restricted Assets	196,491	193,396	196,491
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net Pension Liability	218,324	411,187	218,324
OPEB Liability	61,723	48,004	61,723
Accrued Closure and Post Closure Care	12,373	12,227	12,373
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	292,420	471,418	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	292,420	4/1,418	292,420
Total Liabilities	788,341	908,599	788,341
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
GASB 68			
Difference in expected and actual experience		9,693	
Difference in projected and actual earnings	182,584	- ,	182,584
GASB 75			
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,149	251	1,149
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	1,149	324	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	183,733	10.268	183,733
Total Deletted millows of Resources	185,/55	10,208	165,755
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	7,187,820	7,139,951	7,187,820
Restricted for:	., .,	.,	.,,
Community Development - Expendable	46,700	46,700	46,700
Unrestricted	4,170,621	3,926,336	4,170,621
Total Net Position	\$11,405,141	\$11,112,987	\$11,405,141
	\$11,403,141	φ11,112,907	φ11, 4 05,141

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

es
<i>.</i> 5
Totals
Current
Year
\$5,658,578
44,436
5,703,014
1,033,133
17,079
3,159,310
510,306
4,719,828
983,186
21,961
21,961
1,005,147
0
(712,993)
292,154
11,112,987
\$11,405,141
_

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020	Business-Type Activities		ion
	Enterprise Funds		
	Utility	Utility	Totals
	Current	Prior	Current
	Year	Year	Year
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from Customers and Users	5,593,091	5,592,813	5,593,091
Payments to Suppliers	(3,157,364)	(3,338,026)	(3,157,364)
Payments to Employees	(847,176)	(784,544)	(847,176)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,588,551	1,470,243	1,588,551
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
and Related Financing Activities			
Transfers Out	(712,993)	(857,989)	(712,993)
Subsidy from Federal Grant	0	156,873	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital			
and Related Financing Activities	(712,993)	(701,116)	(712,993)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal Payment on Revenue Bonds, Notes			
and Capital Leases		0	0
Purchases of Capital Assets	(558,175)	(399,539)	(558,175)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital			
and Related Financing Activities	(558,175)	(399,539)	(558,175)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest Received	21,961	65,077	21,961
Net Cash Provided (Used)			
by Investment Activities	21,961	65,077	21,961
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Equivalents	339,344	434,665	339,344
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	3,651,993	3,217,328	3,651,993
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$3,991,337	\$3,651,993	\$3,991,337

(continued)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		ies
	Utility Current Year	Utility Prior Year	Totals Current Year
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Adjustments to Reconcile to Net Cash Flow Non-Cash Items Included in Net Income	\$983,186	\$1,128,584	\$983,186
Depreciation	510,306	496,507	510,306
Changes in Current Items			
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(113,018)	(44,256)	(113,018)
Decrease (Increase) in Due from Other Funds	0	0	0
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory	(15,178)	28,901	(15,178)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	(1,885)	(9,073)	(1,885)
GASB 68			
Decrease (Increase) Deferred Outflow of Resources-Contributions	(7,235)	3,931	(7,235)
Difference in expected and actual experience	(20,452)	(12,631)	(20,452)
Difference in projected and actual earnings	384,374	(333,349)	384,374
Difference in assumption changes	(4,401)		(4,401)
GASB 75			000
Difference in expected and actual experience	898	251	898
Difference in assumption changes	(7,786)	324	(7,786)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	35,942	(3,258)	35,942
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages	7,256	3,271	7,256
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	12,447	(8,921)	12,447
Increase (Decrease) in Consumer Meter Deposits	3,095	(1,160)	3,095
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Closure and Post Closure Care	146	217	146
Increase (Decrease) in Net pension Liability	(192,863)	221,322	(192,863)
Increase (Decrease) in Net pension Liability	13,719	(417)	13,719
Net Cash Provided (Used)			
by Operating Activities	\$1,588,551	\$1,470,243	\$1,588,551
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: None	0	0	0
Federal Grants and Contributions		\$156,873	\$0
reactar Grants and Contributions		\$150,075	\$ 0

Note: The above funds are all enterprise funds.

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020	
	Trust
	Fund
	Library
	Endowment
ASSETS	Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$273,311
Receivables (Net of Allowance	
for Uncollectibles)	18
Due from Other Funds	
Total Assets	\$273,329
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$0
Bank Overdraft	
Due to Others	16,500
Total Liabilities	16,500
NET POSITION	
Held in Trust-Unexpendable	0
Held in Trust-Library Purposes	256,829
Total Net Position	\$256,829

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Trust Fund Library Endowment
ADDITIONS	Fund
Contributions:	
Private Donations	\$1,840
Intergovernmental	• ,- •
Total Contributions	1,840
Investment Earnings:	
Interest Received	3,306
Total Investment Earnings	3,306
Less Investment Expense	0
Net Investment Earnings	3,306
TOTAL ADDITIONS	5,146
DEDUCTIONS	
Culture and Recreation-Library	65,703
Total Deductions	65,703
Change in Net Position	(60,557)
Net Position-Beginning	317,386
Net Position-Ending	\$256,829

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

The City of Hallettsville, Texas, was incorporated by an election. The City operates under a charter, Manager-Council type of government and provides the following services: public safety (fire and law enforcement), public transportation (streets), health, culture, recreation, public facilities, legal, election functions, and general administrative services. The accounting policies of the City of Hallettsville, Texas, (the City) conform to generally accepted accounting principles. The City also applies all relevant Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

The accounts of the City are organized based on funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and how spending activities are controlled.

B. Blended Component Units

The Economic Development funds 4A and 4B were created pursuant to IRS Code section 401. The purpose of these two funds is to promote development in the City. The Districts are reported as special revenue funds and are included as blended component units because the City has operational responsibility for them and manages their activities.

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the Net Position and changes in Net Position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. (The City's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are noncurrent.) The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recognized when received in cash, except those revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in the related fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major governmental fund: The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sales tax Mft. Dev. 4-A and sales tax Mft. Dev. 4-B funds are used to collect sales taxes to help with tourism and community development.

E. Proprietary fund financial statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and for the non-major funds aggregated.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues (Water, Sewer, Electric, and Solid Waste) of the Utility Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses. The government reports the following major proprietary funds: The utility fund accounts for the activities of the government's electric, water, sewer, and solid waste operations.

F. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. As such, fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide statements. The City's fiduciary funds include the following: The City's library endowment fund is accounted for as a trust fund and is used to help defray the costs of the local public library.

- G. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity
 - 1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the government and the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Investments for the government are reported at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." In governmental fund financial statements, advances between funds are offset by an amount reported as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements unless a right of offset exists. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable allowance in excess of 30 days is equal to 5 percent of outstanding trade accounts receivable at December 31, 2020, the trade accounts receivable allowance in excess of 60 days is equal to 10 percent of outstanding trade accounts receivable at December 31, 2020, the trade accounts receivable at December 31, 2020, the trade accounts receivable at December 31, 2020, and the trade accounts receivable allowance in excess of 120 days is equal to 50 percent of outstanding trade accounts receivable at December 31, 2020. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 1 percent of current outstanding property taxes at December 31, 2020, and 10 percent of delinquent outstanding property taxes at December 31, 2020.

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Traditionally, property taxes are levied October 1, of the year in which assessed or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable when levied since that is when the City bills the taxpayers. The City begins to collect the taxes as soon as the taxpayers are billed.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted assets

The following were restricted assets at December 31, 2020: Capital Improvements - \$215,276.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

The City had street, water, and sewer facility projects.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Public Domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

6. Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds.

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. They are amounts deferred under GASB 68 and GASB 75.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. We have included advanced tax collections and amounts deferred under GASB 68 and GASB 75 as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements.

The City reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measureable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period (fund financial statements). Unearned revenues also arise when resources are unearned by the City and received before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures (fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements). In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the applicable financial statement and revenue is recognized. Pursuant to GASB 65 we have included deferred ad valorem taxes as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements. We have also included advanced tax collections as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements.

9. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

10. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of December 31, 2020, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of City Council. City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by City Council.

Unassigned — all other spendable amounts.

As of December 31, 2020, fund balances are composed of the following:

Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable	
Prepaid Expenses	\$101,106
Restricted	
Community Development	2,909,712
Municipal Court	64,165
Committed	
Community Development	215,276
Public Safety	127,797
Unassigned	1,117,668
Total Fund Balance	\$4,535,724

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

In fiscal year 2011, the City Council adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end to be at least equal to 25 to 33 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted General Fund expenditures.

11. Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual enterprise funds in the fund financial statements to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

- II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements
 - A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$438,761 difference are as follows:

Net Pension Liability	\$342,058
OPEB Liability	96,703
Total Liabilities	\$438,761

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$9,237,536 difference are as follows:

Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	\$2,258,049
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	14,175,234
Accumulated Depreciation	(7,195,747)

Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$9,237,536 A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position (continued)

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds (net of allowance for uncollectible.") The details of this \$176,414 difference are as follows:

Property Taxes Receivable	\$180,215
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(3,801)
Net	\$176,414

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Municipal fines and fees receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds (net of allowance for uncollectible.") Another element of that reconciliation is retirement deferrals. The details of this (\$47,509) difference are as follows:

Fines and Fees receivable	\$226,991
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(181,965)
GASB 68	
Deferred Outflow of Resources-Contributions (after 12/31/19)	159,884
Difference in expected and actual experience	16,856
Difference in projected and actual earnings	(286,061)
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs	6,894
GASB 75	
Difference in expected and actual experience	(1,800)
Difference in Changes in assumptions and other inputs	11,692
Net	(\$47,509)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$176,190 difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay - Additions - Not Being Depreciated	\$297,594
Capital Outlay - Additions - Being Depreciated	397,618
Capital Outlay - Deletions - Transfer from Construction in Progress	(251,610)
Depreciation Expense	(267,412)
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes	
in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds to	
Arrive at Changes in Net Assets of	
Governmental Activities	\$176,190

III. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

A. Budgetary information

The Mayor has been authorized by the council to prepare the budget. He is assisted by the City Secretary. The budget is adopted on budgetary basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. After the budget is prepared, it is reviewed by the City Council. The budget is adjusted by the City Council if desired. Then a final budget is prepared by the Mayor. A public hearing is held on the budget by the City Council. Department heads may appear. Before determining the final budget, the City Council may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments or citizens. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available cash. Appropriations lapse at year end.

When the budget is adopted by the City Council, the City Secretary is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the City to prevent expenditures from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the members of the City Council advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts. The level of control is the fund. Expenditures can exceed appropriations if they do not exceed available revenues and cash balances. The legal level of control (the level on which the City Council must approve over expenditures) is on an object class basis.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (IE. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year. There were no outstanding encumbrances at December 31, 2020.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2020, excess of expenditures over appropriations did not occur in any funds.

C. Deficit fund equity

The City had no deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2020.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers' acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the City has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Except for the Texas Dow Employees Credit Union, the City is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its deposits with the city depository (Wells Fargo Bank); and the First National Bank in Shiner, and Crossroads Bank because they are covered by either federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held by the government's agent in the government's name. The total cash at December 31, 2020 is \$1,233,506. The book amount of cash at December 31, 2020 is \$922,456.

The total collateral held by Wells Fargo was \$401,734. The total cash at 12/31/2020 is \$387,054. The FDIC coverage is \$250,000.

The Texas Dow Employees Credit Union has no securities pledged. The total cash at 12/31/2020 is \$560,203. It is uncertain what the FDIC coverage is. The FDIC coverage is \$250,000.

The First National Bank in Shiner and the Crossroads Bank because they are covered by either federal depository insurance (FDIC).

Investments:

The Interlocal Cooperation Act, chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, provide for the creation of public funds investment pools, such as TexPool, through which political subdivisions and other entities may invest public funds.

TexPool and Lonestar Investments use amortized cost to value portfolio assets and follows the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79 for use of amortized cost. All funds participate in a pooling of cash and investment income to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund may liquidate its equity in the pool on demand.

The City's investments are authorized by City resolutions, bond ordinances, and State statutes. The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies or instrumentalities; direct obligations of Texas and its agencies and instrumentalities; obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent rating; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and government pools.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City's investments by fair value level are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The City has no Level 1 investments (investments valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities) or Level 3 investments (investments valued using significant unobservable inputs). As of December 31, 2020, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Maturity (Years)	<u>%</u>
TEXPOOL	\$4,264,539	0.08	\$0.54
Lonestar Investments	3,649,179	0.08	\$0.46
Total Fair Value	\$7,913,718		\$1.00
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		0.08	

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year.

Concentration of credit risk: The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. Texpool (54% of portfolio) and Lonestar Investments (46% of portfolio).

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy is to apply the "prudent investor" standard: "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." The City's investments were rated as follows: As of December 31, 2020 the local investment pool - Texpool (54% of portfolio) was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and Lonestar Investments (46% of portfolio) was rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds and non-major, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Hotel	Sales Tax	Sales Tax		
	General	Occupancy	Mft. Dev.	Mft. Dev.	Utility	
	Fund	Tax	4-A	4-B	Fund	Total
Receivables						
Taxes						
Property	\$180,215					\$180,215
Sales	60,821		30,411	30,411		121,643
Occupancy		14,481				14,481
Accounts					552,085	552,085
Other	9,242				12,674	21,916
Fines	226,991					226,991
Gross Receivables	477,269	14,481	30,411	30,411	564,759	1,117,331
Less: Allowance for						
Uncollectibles	185,766				7,153	192,919
Net Total Receivables	\$291,503	\$14,481	\$30,411	\$30,411	\$557,606	\$924,412

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning			Ending
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Land	\$2,027,351			\$2,027,351
Construction in Progress	184,714	297,594	251,610	230,698
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	2,212,065	297,594	251,610	2,258,049
Total capital assess not comig approvated.		291,091	201,010	2,220,019
Capital assets being depreciated:			·	
Building and Improvements	4,182,122			4,182,122
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	1,574,681	146,008		1,720,689
Infrastructure	8,020,813	251,610		8,272,423
Total capital assets being depreciated:	13,777,616	397,618	0	14,175,234
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	1 156 012	04.045		1 0 (1 (50
Building and Improvements	1,176,813	84,845		1,261,658
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	1,377,572	87,778		1,465,350
Infrastructure	4,373,950	94,789		4,468,739
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,928,335	267,412	0	7,195,747
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	6,849,281	130,206	0	6,979,487
Governmental Activities capital assets, Net	\$9,061,346	\$427,800	\$251,610	\$9,237,536
Business-type activities:	Beginning			Ending
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
		Increases	Decreases	-
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balances	Increases 250,485	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	Balances \$37,611		Decreases 0	Balances \$37,611
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	Balances \$37,611 304,361	250,485		Balances \$37,611 554,846
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated:	Balances \$37,611 304,361	250,485		Balances \$37,611 554,846
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated:	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972	250,485		Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132	250,485 250,485		Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009	250,485 250,485 26,372		Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009 19,429,787	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381 19,711,105
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009	250,485 250,485 26,372		Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009 19,429,787	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381 19,711,105
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total capital assets being depreciated:	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009 19,429,787	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381 19,711,105
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total capital assets being depreciated: Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and Improvements	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 666,132 2,684,009 19,429,787 22,179,928	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381 19,711,105 22,487,618
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total capital assets being depreciated: Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009 19,429,787 22,179,928 66,132	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318 307,690	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 666,132 2,710,381 19,711,105 22,487,618 66,132
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total capital assets being depreciated: Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 666,132 2,684,009 19,429,787 22,179,928 666,132 2,461,281 12,854,536	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318 307,690 77,203	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 666,132 2,710,381 19,711,105 22,487,618 66,132 2,538,484
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total capital assets being depreciated: Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total Accumulated Depreciation	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 66,132 2,684,009 19,429,787 22,179,928 66,132 2,461,281 12,854,536 15,381,949	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318 307,690 77,203 433,103 510,306	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 666,132 2,710,381 19,711,105 22,487,618 66,132 2,538,484 13,287,639 15,892,255
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being depreciated: Capital assets being depreciated: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System Total capital assets being depreciated: Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Distribution System	Balances \$37,611 304,361 341,972 666,132 2,684,009 19,429,787 22,179,928 666,132 2,461,281 12,854,536	250,485 250,485 26,372 281,318 307,690 77,203 433,103	0	Balances \$37,611 554,846 592,457 66,132 2,710,381 19,711,105 22,487,618 66,132 2,538,484 13,287,639

Governmental Activities	
General Administration	\$23,591
Public Facility	2,546
Public Safety	43,276
Public Transportation	105,989
Culture and Recreation	92,010
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$267,412
Business-Type Activities	
Electric	\$38,382
Water	373,416
Sewer	72,518
Solid Waste	8,998
Administration	16,992
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$510,306

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Construction commitments: The City had street, water, and sewer facility projects.

D. Inter-fund receivables, payables, and transfers

Transfer to/from other funds at December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	TRANSFER FROM						
	ECONOMIC	ECONOMIC					
	DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOPMENT	LIBRARY	GRANT	UTILITY		
TRANSFER TO	FUND 4A	FUND 4B	FUND	FUND	FUND	TOTAL	
GENERAL FUND	\$16,400	\$16,400	\$3,242	\$0	\$793,757	\$829,799	
UTILITY FUND				(80,764)		(80,764)	
TOTALS	\$16,400	\$16,400	\$3,242	(\$80,764)	\$793,757	\$749,035	

		TRANSFER FROM					
	ECONOMIC	ECONOMIC					
	DEVELOPMENT	DEVELOPMENT	LIBRARY				
TRANSFER TO	FUND 4A	FUND 4B	FUND	TOTAL			
GENERAL FUND	\$16,400	\$16,400	\$3,242	\$36,042			
TOTALS	\$16,400	\$16,400	\$3,242	\$36,042			

The transfers of \$16,400 from each of the economic development funds were for administration and are recurring. The transfer of \$80,764 is from the grant fund is for construction and is not recurring. The amount from the utility fund was for administration and is recurring. All amounts below are for administration and are expected to be repaid within the following year.

	DUE FROM		
	GENERAL		
DUE TO	FUNDS	TOTAL	
SALES TAX MFG. DEV. 4-A	\$440	\$440	
SALES TAX MFG. DEV. 4-B	440	440	
TOTALS	\$880	\$880	

E. Leases

Operating Leases

The government leases equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$690 for the year ended December 31, 2020. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending Dec. 31	Amo	ount
2021	\$	0
2022		0
2023		0
2024		0
Total	\$	0

Rent expenditures were \$1,138 for the year ended December 31, 2020. Sublease rental income was \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2020. Rental income was \$65,057 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

F. Long-term debt

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	Due After
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Compensated Absences	\$21,043	\$41,432	\$21,043	\$41,432	\$41,432	\$0
Net Pension Liability	680,609		338,551	342,058		342,058
OPEB Liability	80,589	16,114		96,703		96,703
	782,241	57,546	359,594	480,193	41,432	438,761
Business-Type Activities:						
Compensated Absences	17,041	29,488	17,041	29,488	29,488	0
Net Pension Liability	411,187		192,863	218,324		218,324
OPEB Liability	48,004	13,719		61,723		61,723
	476,232	43,207	209,904	309,535	29,488	280,047
Grand Total	\$1,258,473	\$100,753	\$569,498	\$789,728	\$70,920	\$718,808

The general fund and the utility fund are used to service the compensated absences and net pension liabilities. The estimated amount due in the 2020 year is \$70,920. The government-wide statement of activities includes \$70,920 as "noncurrent liabilities, due within one year". There was no interest expense.

V. Other information

A. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Claim liabilities are estimated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amounts of payouts) and other economic and social factors (including the effects of specific, incremental claim adjustment expense, salvage, and subrogation).

Changes in accrued liabilities for these claims follow:

	Year ended	Year ended
	<u>12/31/19</u>	12/31/20
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims (including IBNRs)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Claim payments Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

General Liability Insurance

The City is insured for general, police officers and automobile liability. Expenditures for selfinsured liabilities are accounted for in the General Fund, which will pay any liabilities incurred.

The City has joined together with other governments in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (TML). The City pays an annual premium to TML for auto vehicle insurance coverage. The agreement with TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims more than \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 for each insurance event. The City anticipates no contingent losses.

TML has published its own financial report that can be obtained from the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool, Austin, Texas.

The City carries commercial fidelity bonds for elected officials and for management.

Property and Casualty Insurance

Property, casualty, mobile equipment, boiler, and machinery insurance is provided by TML.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The City insures against workers' compensation claims through TML.

Group Health and Life Insurance

The City maintains a group health insurance plan for active employees and their eligible dependents. Costs are recorded in the fund from which the employees' compensation is paid.

Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The City self-insures for unemployment compensation claims through an agreement with the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC). Under the agreement, TWC administers all claims and is reimbursed by the City for claims incurred plus administrative charges.

B. Related party transaction

Bobby Stratman is the Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator and President of the Hallettsville Golf Association. The Golf Association pays half of the fees/etc. in return for City maintaining grounds.

C. Subsequent events

On January 4, 2021, the City approved the purchase of a new street sweeper with the stainless-steel upgrades for a price of \$176,717.70.

On January 25, 2021, the City approved the purchase of a Pierce Commercial International Pumper 2nd Gen truck for the Hallettsville Volunteer Fire Department for a total cost of \$435,204.54, with the Pre-Pay option. A grant, in the amount of \$385,000, was received by the fire department and it will be used for this purchase, the City's portion is \$50,204.54.

On February 1, 2021, the City approved to purchase LPR equipment from WatchGuard for four police units using grant money that was received by the Police Department.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is not a defendant in any lawsuits at the end of the year.

D. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The government is not a defendant in any lawsuits at the end of the year.

E. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

as of December 31, 2019

Actuarial Valuation and Measurement Date, December 31,	2018	2019
Membership		
Number of		
- Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	23	25
- Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16	17
- Active employees	35	32
- Total	74	74
Covered Payroll	\$1,467,274	\$1,487,686
	φ1 , 1 07,274	\$1, 4 07,000
Net Pension Liability		
Total Pension Liability	\$7,815,454	\$8,293,848
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	6,723,658	7,733,466
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$1,091,796	\$560,382
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of Total Pension Liability	86.03%	93.24%
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage		
of Covered Payroll	74.41%	37.67%
Development of the Single Discount Rate		
Single Discount Rate	6.75%	6.75%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.75%	6.75%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate	3.71%	2.75%
Last year ending December 31 in the 100-year projection period		
for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	N/A	N/A

SCHEDULE OF PENSION EXPENSE

1.	Total Service Cost	\$176,886
2.	Interest on the Total Pension Liability	524,274
3.	Changes in Current Period Benefits Including Substantively Automatic Status	0
4.	Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)	(73,906)
5.	Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	(453,847)
6.	Administrative Expense	5,873
7.	Other Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	176
8.	Recognition of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources-Liabilities	12,084
9.	Recognition of Current Year Outflow (Inflow) of Resources-Assets	(117,161)
10.	Amortization of Prior Year Outflows (Inflows) of Resources-Liabilities	(31,417)
11.	Amortization of Prior Year Outflows (Inflows) of Resources-Assets	126,074
12.	Total Pension Expense (Income)	\$169,036

Α.	RecognitionPeriod (orTotal (Inflow)amortizationor Outflow ofyear)Resources		2019 Recognized in current pension expense	Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow in future expense
Due to Liabilities:				
Difference in expected and actual experience [actuarial (gains) or losses]	4.22	\$36,191	\$8,576	\$27,615
Change in assumptions	4.22	14,803	3,508	11,295
[actuarial (gains) or losses]			\$12,084	\$38,910
Due to Assets:				
Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5.00	(\$585,806)	(\$117,161)	(\$468,645)
[actuarial (gains) or losses]			(\$117,161)	(\$468,645)
Total:				(\$429,735)

B. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Year, to be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

	Net deferred outflows (inflows)
	of resources
2020	(\$88,805)
2021	(69,739)
2022	28,829
2023	(114,504)
2024	0
Thereafter	0
Total	(\$244,219)

Note to City:

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in the Schedule of Contributions; the City will build this report over the next 10-year period. The data in this schedule is based on the City's fiscal year-end, not the valuation/measurement date as provided in other schedules of this report.

The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) dollar amount can be calculated by multiplying the City's Full Retirement Rate (excludes portion of rate for Supplemental Death Benefits Fund) by the applicable payroll amount (for payroll, cities can use "gross earnings" as noted on line 1 of their TMRS-3 "Summary of Monthly Payroll Report"). The applicable months for the City's fiscal year are summed to determine the total ADC. Actual contribution amounts (employer-portion) remitted to TMRS will equal the "contributions in relation to ADC", with the deficiency/(excess) result then calculated. Covered payroll is the sum of the "gross earnings" for the applicable months of the TMRS-3 reports.

For additional detailed information, please reference the TMRS "GASB 68 Employer Reporting Guide."

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

1% Decrease	Current Single Rate	1% Increase
5.75%	Assumption 6.75%	7.75%
\$1,628,272	\$560,382	(\$328,509)

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

These actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

I. Economic Assumptions

- A. General Inflation General Inflation is assumed to be 2.50% per year.
- B. Discount/Crediting Rates
 - 1. System-wide Investment Return Assumption: 6.75% per year, compounded annually, composed of an assumed 2.50% inflation rate and a 4.25% net real rate of return. This rate represents the assumed return, net of all investment and administrative expenses. This is the discount rate used to value the liabilities of the individual employers.
 - 2. Assumed discount/crediting rate for Supplemental Disability Benefits Fund and individual employee accounts: an annual rate of 5.00% for (1) accumulating prior service credit and updated service credit after the valuation date, (2) accumulating the employee current service balances, (3) determining the amount of the monthly benefit at future dates of retirement or disability, and (4) calculating the actuarial liability of the system-wide Supplemental Disability Benefits Fund.
- C. Overall Payroll Growth 2.75% per year, which is used to calculate the contribution rates for the retirement plan of each participating city as a level percentage of payroll. This represents the expected increase in total payroll. This increase rate is solely due to the effect of wage inflation on salaries, with no allowance for future membership growth. However, for cities with a decrease in the number of contributing members from 2008 to 2018, the payroll growth is decreased by half the annual percentage decrease in the count capped at a 1.0% decrease per year and rounded down to the nearest 0.1%.

Salary increases are assumed to occur once a year, on January 1. Therefore, the pay used for the period year following the valuation date is equal to the reported pay for the prior year, increased by the salary increase assumption. Salaries are assumed to increase by the following graduated service-based scale.

Years of	
	Rate
Service	(%)
1	11.50%
2	7.25%
3	6.75%
4	6.25%
5	6.00%
6	5.75%
7	5.50%
8	5.25%
9	5.00%
10	4.75%
11-12	4.50%
13-15	4.25%
16-20	4.00%
21-24	3.75%
25+	3.50%

- E. Annuity Increase The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is assumed to be 2.50% per year prospectively. For the City of Hallettsville annual annuity increases of 1.86% are assumed when calculating the TPL.
- F. Load for Updated Service Credit To reflect the asymmetric nature of the credits due to the USC provision, there is a load on the final average earnings used in the calculation of 0.1% per year into the future that the calculation is performed.

II. Demographic Assumptions

A. Termination Rates

1. For the first 10 years of service, the base table rates vary by gender, entry age, and length of service. For City of Hallettsville the base table is then multiplied by a factor of 82.0% based on the experience of the city in comparison to the group as a whole. A further multiplier is applied depending on an employee's classification: 1) Fire — 68%, 2) Police - 86%, or 3) Other - 108%. A sample of the base rates follows:

Males	-									
		Service								
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	0.3079	0.2766	0.2305	0.2037	0.1951	0.1764	0.1612	0.1311	0.1078	0.0860
25	0.2798	0.2393	0.1911	0.1638	0.1507	0.1336	0.1210	0.1060	0.0976	0.0798
30	0.2585	0.2163	0.1697	0.1395	0.1138	0.1052	0.0945	0.0817	0.0785	0.0655
35	0.2642	0.2183	0.1663	0.1334	0.1107	0.1048	0.0894	0.0758	0.0655	0.0598
40	0.2602	0.2172	0.1647	0.1279	0.1103	0.0994	0.0849	0.0749	0.0633	0.0608
45	0.2392	0.2040	0.1640	0.1287	0.1110	0.0976	0.0857	0.0750	0.0638	0.0607
50	0.2191	0.1825	0.1489	0.1211	0.1072	0.0935	0.0851	0.0755	0.0636	0.0609
55	0.2112	0.1759	0.1334	0.1132	0.0908	0.0911	0.0813	0.0719	0.0643	0.0591
60	0.2108	0.1626	0.1298	0.1118	0.0833	0.0915	0.0794	0.0721	0.0602	0.0579
65	0.2109	0.1542	0.1305	0.1121	0.0847	0.0914	0.0798	0.0738	0.0577	0.0581
70	0.2109	0.1557	0.1304	0.1121	0.0845	0.0914	0.0797	0.0735	0.0581	0.0581

Females

1 cilluics										
		Service								
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	0.3080	0.2836	0.2258	0.2132	0.2030	0.2054	0.1561	0.1565	0.1590	0.1600
25	0.2828	0.2449	0.2101	0.1995	0.1739	0.1690	0.1392	0.1375	0.1206	0.1144
30	0.2617	0.2224	0.1981	0.1791	0.1369	0.1370	0.1297	0.1145	0.0989	0.0817
35	0.2464	0.2153	0.1834	0.1462	0.1294	0.1258	0.1130	0.1103	0.1016	0.0782
40	0.2281	0.2026	0.1641	0.1365	0.1316	0.1115	0.1040	0.0940	0.0847	0.0745
45	0.2227	0.1884	0.1450	0.1359	0.1072	0.1034	0.0909	0.0797	0.0717	0.0737
50	0.2238	0.1823	0.1369	0.1249	0.0901	0.0896	0.0837	0.0735	0.0686	0.0628
55	0.2236	0.1766	0.1372	0.1218	0.0848	0.0819	0.0725	0.0717	0.0696	0.0560
60	0.2236	0.1548	0.1372	0.1191	0.0811	0.0856	0.0656	0.0649	0.0436	0.0386
65	0.2236	0.1454	0.1372	0.1169	0.0813	0.0871	0.0678	0.0603	0.0281	0.0285
70	0.2236	0.1471	0.1372	0.1173	0.0813	0.0868	0.0675	0.0611	0.0308	0.0303

2. After 10 years of service, base termination rates vary by gender and by the number of years remaining until first retirement eligibility. For City of Hallettsville the base table is then multiplied by a factor of 82.0% based on the experience of the city in comparison to the group as a whole. A further multiplier is applied depending on an employee's classification: 1) Fire — 54%, 2) Police — 83%, or 3) Other — 113%. A sample of the base rates follows:

Years from		
Retirement	Male	Female
1	1.82%	2.34%
2	2.43%	3.15%
3	2.87%	3.75%
4	3.24%	4.25%
5	3.55%	4.67%
6	3.83%	5.06%
7	4.08%	5.40%
8	4.32%	5.72%
9	4.53%	6.02%
10	4.74%	6.30%
11	4.93%	6.57%
12	5.11%	6.82%
13	5.28%	7.06%
14	5.45%	7.28%
15	5.60%	7.50%

Termination rates end at first eligibility for retirement

B. Forfeiture Rates (Withdrawal of Member Deposits from TMRS) for vested members vary by age and employer match, and they are expressed as a percentage of the termination rates shown in (A). The withdrawal rates for cities with a 2-to-1 match are shown below. 4% is added to the rates for 1 ¹/₂-to-1 cities, and 8% is added for 1-to-1 cities.

Age	Percent of Terminating Employees Choosing to Take a Refund
25	40.2%
30	40.2%
35	40.2%
40	37.0%
45	31.6%
50	26.1%
55	20.7%

Forfeiture rates end at first eligibility for retirement.

C. Service Retirees and Beneficiary Mortality Rates

For calculating the actuarial liability and the retirement contribution rates, the Genderdistinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. Based on the size of the city, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100.0%.

D. Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates

For calculating the actuarial liability and the retirement contribution rates, the mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

E. Pre-Retirement Mortality

For calculating the actuarial liability and the retirement contribution rates, the PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements.

F. Annuity Purchase Rates

For determining the amount of the monthly benefit at the time of retirement for both healthy and disabled annuitants, the annuity purchase rates (APRs) until 2027 are based on a mortality study performed in 2013, with the factors phasing into being based on a unisex blend of the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment for males and females with both male and female rates multiplied by 107.5% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB. The current table of APRs is explicitly valued through 2032 and then it is assumed the APRs and the valuation mortality assumptions will be consistent over time. For members, a unisex blend of 70% of the males table and 30% of the female table is used, while 30% of the male table and 70% of the female table is used for beneficiaries.

G. Disability Rates

Age	Males & Females
20	0.000003
25	0.000019
30	0.000074
35	0.000194
40	0.000371
45	0.000603
50	0.000891
55	0.001235
60	0.001635
65	0.002090

H. Service Retirement Rates, applied to both Active and Inactive Members

The base table rates vary age. These rates are adjusted then multiplied by 2 factors based on 1) employee contribution rate and employer match and 2) if the city has a recurring COLA.

	<u> </u>
Age	
<50	0.05
50-51	0.07
52-54	0.08
55-59	0.13
60	0.16
61	0.17
62	0.25
63-64	0.20
65-74	0.30
75 and over	1.00

Note: For cities without a 20-year/any age retirement provision, the rates for entry ages 32 and under are loaded by 20% for ages below 60.

Plan Design Factors Applied to Base Retirement Rates

	Employee Contribution Rate						
Employer Match	5%	6%	7%				
1-1	0.75	0.80	0.84				
1.5-1	0.81	0.86	0.92				
2-1	0.86	0.93	1.00				

Recurring COLA: 100%

No Recurring COLA: 95%

III. Methods and Assumptions

- A. Valuation of Assets The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with a ten-year phase-in of actual investment return in excess of (less than) expected investment income. Offsetting unrecognized gains and losses are immediately recognized, with the shortest remaining bases recognized first and the net remaining bases continue to be recognized on their original timeframe. The actuarial value of assets is further adjusted by 33% of any difference between the initial value and a 12% corridor around the market value of assets, if necessary.
- B. Actuarial Cost Method: The actuarial cost method being used is known as the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method develops the annual cost of the Plan in two parts: that attributable to benefits accruing in the current year, known as the normal cost, and that due to service earned prior to the current year, known as the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability are calculated individually for each member. The normal cost rate for an employee is the contribution rate which, if applied to a member's compensation throughout their period of anticipated covered service with the municipality, would be sufficient to meet all benefits payable on their behalf. The normal cost is calculated using an entry age based on benefit service with the current city. If a member has additional time-only vesting service through service with other TMRS cities or other public agencies, they retain this for determination of benefit eligibility and decrement rates. The salary-weighted average of these rates is the total normal cost rate. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability reflects the difference between the portion of projected benefits attributable to service credited prior to the valuation date and assets already accumulated. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is paid off in accordance with a specified amortization procedure outlined in C below.
- C. Amortization Policy: For "underfunded" cities the amortization as of the valuation date is a level percentage of payroll over a closed period using the process of "laddering". Bases that existed prior to this valuation continue to be amortized on their original schedule. For cities with twenty or more employees new experience losses are amortized over individual periods of not more than 25 years. Beginning December 31, 2020, new loss bases for cities with fifteen or more employees will be amortized over individual periods of not more than 20 years. New gains (including lump sum contributions) are offset against and amortized over the same period as the current largest outstanding loss base for the specific City which in turn decreases contribution rate volatility.

Once a City reaches an "overfunded" status, all prior bases are erased and an amount of the surplus is credited against the contribution rate to keep the funded ratio constant year over year.

Ad hoc benefit enhancements are amortized over individual periods using a level dollar policy. The period will be based on the minimum of 12 years or the current life expectancy of the covered group. However, if the non-ad hoc (level percent) amortization factor is smaller due to a shorter amortization period based on the employer's size, as described below, ad hoc enhancements will be amortized the same as any other loss.

D. Small City Methodology For cities with fewer than twenty employees, more conservative methods and assumptions are used. First, lower termination rates are used for smaller cities, with maximum multipliers of 75% for employers with less than 6 members, 85% for employers with 6 to 10 members, 100% for employers with 11 to 15 members, and 110% for employers with less than 100 members.

There is also a load on the life expectancy for employers with less than 15 active members. The life expectancy will be loaded by decreasing the mortality rates by 1% for every active member less than 15. For example, an employer with 5 active members will have the baseline mortality tables multiplied by 90% (10 active members times 1%).

For underfunded plans, the maximum period for amortizing losses is decreased by 1 year for each active member less than the 20 member threshold. For example, an employer with 8 active members and a current maximum amortization period of 25 will use (25-(20-8)) = 13 year amortization period for the gain or loss in that year's valuation. Under this policy, the lowest amortization period will be 25-(20-1) = 6 years. Once the plan is overfunded, the amortization period will revert back to the standard policy. Beginning December 31, 2020, the member threshold will be lowered to 15 to be consistent with the decrease in the standard amortization period to 20.

IV. Other Assumptions

- 1. Valuation payroll (used for determining the amortization contribution rate): A weighted average of the actual payroll during the prior fiscal years, with 33% weight given to the most recent year and 67% weight given to the expected payroll for the previous fiscal year, moved forward with one year's payroll growth rate and adjusted for changes in population.
- 2. Individual salaries used to project benefits: For members with more than three years of service, actual salaries from the past three fiscal years are used to determine the USC final average salary as of the valuation date. For future salaries, this three-year average is projected forward with two years of salary scale to create the salary for the year following the valuation. This value is then projected with normal salary scales.
- 3. Timing of benefit payments: Benefit payments are assumed to be made in the middle of the month. Although TMRS benefits are paid at the end of the month, eligibility for that payment is determined at the beginning of the month. A middle of month payment approximates the impact of the combination of eligibility determination and actual payment timing.
- 4. Percent married: 100% of the employees are assumed to be married.
- 5. Age difference: Male members are assumed to be three years older than their spouses, and female members are assumed to be three years younger than their spouses.

- 6. Optional Forms: All healthy and disabled members are assumed to choose a 50% Joint and Survivor option when they retire. For healthy members, this is approximated by reducing the benefit payment by a factor equal to 2.1% at age 60 (with adjustments by age). The 2.1% is effective for the 2019 calendar year and will reduce by 10% each year until the phase into the APR rates is complete, at which time there will be no need for such factor.
- 7. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): For vested members not eligible for retirement, 75% of the spouses of male members and 70% of the spouses of female members are assumed to commence an immediate benefit in lieu of a deferred annuity or a refund. Those not electing an immediate benefit are assumed to take a refund. All of the spouses of married participants who die after becoming eligible for a retirement benefit are assumed to elect an annuity that commences immediately.
- 8. Partial Lump Sum Utilization: It is assumed that each member at retirement will withdraw 40% of their eligible account balance.
- 9. Inactive Population: All non-vested members of a city are assumed to take an immediate refund if they are not contributing members in another city. Vested members not contributing in another city are assumed to take a deferred retirement benefit, except for those who have terminated in the past 12 months for whom one year of forfeiture probability is assumed. The forfeiture rates for inactive members of a city who are contributing members in another city are equal to the probability of termination multiplied by the forfeiture rates shown in II(A) and II(B) respectively. These rates are applied each year until retirement eligibility. Once a member is retirement eligible, they are assumed to commence benefits based on the service retirement rates shown in II(H).
- 10. There will be no recoveries once disabled.
- 11. No surviving spouse will remarry and there will be no children's benefit.
- 12. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 13. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- 14. Decrement relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
- 15. Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.
- 16. Benefit Service: All members are assumed to accrue 1 year of eligibility service each year.
- 17. The decrement rates for service-related decrements are based on total TMRS eligibility service.

V. Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birthdate, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service, salary, employee contribution account balances, as well as the data used in the next calculation of the Updated Service Credit (USC). For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement, form of payment code, and aggregate increase in the CPI that will be used in the next calculation of the cost of living adjustment.

To the extent possible we have made use of all available data fields in the calculation of the liabilities stated in this report. Actual CPI is used to model the wear-away effect or "catch-up" when a city changes its COLA provisions. Adjustments are made for members who have service both in a city with "20 and out" retirement eligibility and one that hasn't adopted it to calculate the earliest possible retirement date.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date.

Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad, or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

Amortization Schedule

Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows of Resources

	Remaining Recognition period (or	Total Remaining (Inflow) or Outflow		Measurement Year						
	amortization years)	of Resources	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	
Due to Liabilities:										
difference in experie	ences (inflows)/ou	tflows								
2019	4.2200	\$36,191	\$8,576	\$8,576	\$8,576	\$8,576	\$1,887	\$0	\$0	
2018	3.1500	(25,967)	(8,244)	(8,244)	(8,244)	(1,235)	0	0	0	
2017	2.2300	(40,926)	(18,352)	(18,352)	(4,222)	0	0	0	0	
2016	1.6000	(12,891)	(8,057)	(4,834)	0	0	0	0	0	
2015	1.0000	194	194	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Total	(\$25,883)	(\$22,854)	(\$3,890)	\$7,341	\$1,887	\$0	\$0	
change in assumption	ons (inflows)/outfl	ows								
2019	4.2200	\$14,803	\$3,508	\$3,508	\$3,508	\$3,508	\$771	\$0	\$0	
2015	1.0000	3,042	3,042	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Total	\$6,550	\$3,508	\$3,508	\$3,508	\$771	\$0	\$0	
Due to Assets:	1									
excess investment re	eturns (inflows)/ou	utflows								
2019	5.0000	(\$585,806)	(\$117,161)	(\$117,161)	(\$117,161)	(\$117,161)	(\$117,162)	\$0	\$0	
2018	4.0000	540,558	135,139	135,139	135,139	134,141	0	0	0	
2017	3.0000	(262,001)	(87,333)	(87,333)	(87,335)	0	0	0	0	
2016	2.0000	(206)	(102)	(104)	0	0	0	0	0	
2015	1.0000	78,370	78,370	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Total	\$8,913	(\$69,459)	(\$69,357)	\$17,980	(\$117,162)	\$0	\$0	

F. GASB 75 Information

Actuarial and Financial Schedules As of Measurement Date of December 31, 2019

Actuarial Valuation and Measurement Date, December 31,	2019
Membership	
Number of	
-Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	19
-Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
-Active employees	32
-Total	59
Covered Payroll	\$1,487,686
Changes in the Total OPEB Liability	
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	\$128,593
Changes for the year	
Service cost	4,314
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	4,829
Changes of benefit term	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,988)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	24,868
Benefit payments	(1,190)
Net changes	29,833
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$158,426
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	10.65%

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Discount rate	2.75%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	\$0
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality rates – service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates – disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Note: The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

	1% Decrease 1.75%	Current Discount Rate 2.75%	1% Increase 3.75%				
Total OPEB liability	\$189,797	\$158,426	\$133,782				
OPEB Expense:							
Service cost			\$4,314				
Interest on total OPEB	Liability		4,829				
Changes in benefit terr	ns		0				
Employer administrativ	ve costs		0				
Recognition of deferre	d outflows/inflows of re	esources:					
Differences between	expected and actual ex	perience	(712)				
Changes in assumption	ions or other inputs		4,847				
Total OPEB expense			\$13,278				

Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows of Resources:

	Def	erred (Inflows) of Resources	De	eferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	(2,949)	\$	0
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		0		19,154
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		N/A		NONE
Total (excluding contributions made subsequent to measurement date)	\$	(2,949)	\$	19,154

Note: The City shall include contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the City's fiscal year end as deferred outflows of resources.

Schedule of Outflows and Inflows - Current and future expense

	Recognition Period (or amortization years)	Total (Inflow) or Outflow of Resources	2019 Recognized in current OPEB expense	Deferred (Inflow)/Outflow in future expense
Due to Liabilities:	-			
Difference in expected and actual experience [actuarial (gains) or losses]	5.3800	(\$2,988)	(\$555)	(\$2,433)
Change in assumptions [actuarial (gains) or losses]	5.3800	24,868	4,622	20,246
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date				
Total (excluding city provided contributions made subsequent to measurement date):				\$17,813

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, by year, to be recognized in future OPEB expense (excluding city-provided contributions made subsequent to the measurement date):

	Net Deferred		
	Outflows/		
	(Inflows) of		
-	resources		
2020	\$4,135		
2021	4,135		
2022	2,818		
2023	3,572		
2024	1,545		
Thereafter	0		
	\$16,205		

Amortization Schedule - Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows of Resources

-	Remaining Recognition period (or amortization years)	Total Remaining (Inflow) or Outflow of Resources	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter
difference in	experience (inflows)/outflows								
2019	5.3800	(\$2,988)	(\$555)	(\$555)	(\$555)	(\$555)	(\$555)	(\$213)	\$0
2018	4.2800	(673)	(157)	(157)	(157)	(157)	(45)	0	0
		Total	(\$712)	(\$712)	(\$712)	(\$712)	(\$600)	(\$213)	\$0
change in ass	sumptions (inflows)/outflows								
2019	5.3800	\$24,868	\$4,622	\$4,622	\$4,622	\$4,622	\$4,622	\$1,758	\$0
2018	4.2800	(6,858)	(1,602)	(1,602)	(1,602)	(1,602)	(450)	0	0
2017	3.2800	5,991	1,827	1,827	1,827	510	0	0	0
		Total	\$4,847	\$4,847	\$4,847	\$3,530	\$4,172	\$1,758	\$0

Plan/Calendar Year	Total SDB Contribution (Rate)	Retiree Portion of SDB Contribution (Rate)				
2020	0.28%	0.09%				
2019	0.27%	0.08%				
2018	0.28%	0.08%				
2017	0.27%	0.08%				

Schedule of Contributions - (Retiree-only portion of the rate, for OPEB):

Note 1: Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note 2: In order to determine the retiree portion of the City's Supplemental Death Benefit Plan contributions (that which is considered OPEB), the City should perform the following calculation:

Total covered payroll * Retiree Portion of SDB Contribution (Rate)

Consideration should be given to the time period of contributions incurred (i.e., City's fiscal year vs. calendar year) to ensure the proper contribution rate is utilized in the above calculation.

Actuarial Assumptions

These actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

- I. Economic Assumptions
 - A. General Inflation General Inflation is assumed to be 2.50% per year.
 - B. Discount Rates Because the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund is considered an unfunded trust under GASB Statement No. 75, the relevant discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of the measurement date.
 - C. Individual Salary Increases Salary increases are assumed to occur once a year, on January 1. Therefore, the pay used for the period year following the valuation date is equal to the reported pay for the prior year, increased by the salary increase assumption. Salaries are assumed to increase by the following graduated service-based scale.

Years of	
Service	Rate (%)
1	11.50%
2	7.25%
3	6.75%
4	6.25%
5	6.00%
6	5.75%
7	5.50%
8	5.25%
9	5.00%
10	4.75%
11-12	4.50%
13-15	4.25%
16-20	4.00%
21-24	3.75%
25+	3.50%

II. Demographic Assumptions

A. Termination Rates

1. For the first 10 years of service, the base table rates vary by gender, entry age, and length of service. For City of Hallettsville the base table is then multiplied by a factor of 82.0% based on the experience of the city in comparison to the group as a whole. A further multiplier is applied depending on an employee's classification: 1) Fire - 68%, 2) Police - 86%, or 3) Other - 108%. A sample of the base rates follows:

Males										
					Ser	vice				
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	0.3079	0.2766	0.2305	0.2037	0.1951	0.1764	0.1612	0.1311	0.108	0.0860
25	0.2798	0.2393	0.1911	0.1638	0.1507	0.1336	0.1210	0.1060	0.0976	0.0798
30	0.2585	0.2163	0.1697	0.1395	0.1138	0.1052	0.0945	0.0817	0.0785	0.0655
35	0.2642	0.2183	0.1663	0.1334	0.1107	0.1048	0.0894	0.0758	0.0655	0.0598
40	0.2602	0.2172	0.1647	0.1279	0.1103	0.0994	0.0849	0.0749	0.0633	0.0608
45	0.2392	0.2040	0.1640	0.1287	0.1110	0.0976	0.0857	0.0750	0.0638	0.0607
50	0.2191	0.1825	0.1489	0.1211	0.1072	0.0935	0.0851	0.0755	0.0636	0.0609
55	0.2112	0.1759	0.1334	0.1132	0.0908	0.0911	0.0813	0.0719	0.0643	0.0591
60	0.2108	0.1626	0.1298	0.1118	0.0833	0.0915	0.0794	0.0721	0.0602	0.0579
65	0.2109	0.1542	0.1305	0.1121	0.0847	0.0914	0.0798	0.0738	0.0577	0.0581
70	0.2109	0.1557	0.1304	0.1121	0.0845	0.0914	0.0797	0.0735	0.0581	0.0581

Females

					Som	vice				
					Ser	vice				
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	0.3080	0.2836	0.2258	0.2132	0.2030	0.2054	0.1561	0.1565	0.1590	0.1600
25	0.2828	0.2449	0.2101	0.1995	0.1739	0.1690	0.1392	0.1375	0.1206	0.1144
30	0.2617	0.2224	0.1981	0.1791	0.1369	0.1370	0.1297	0.1145	0.0989	0.0817
35	0.2464	0.2153	0.1834	0.1462	0.1294	0.1258	0.1130	0.1103	0.1016	0.0782
40	0.2281	0.2026	0.1641	0.1365	0.1316	0.1115	0.1040	0.0940	0.0847	0.0745
45	0.2227	0.1884	0.1450	0.1359	0.1072	0.1034	0.0909	0.0797	0.0717	0.0737
50	0.2238	0.1823	0.1369	0.1249	0.0901	0.0896	0.0837	0.0735	0.0686	0.0628
55	0.2236	0.1766	0.1372	0.1218	0.0848	0.0819	0.0725	0.0717	0.0696	0.0560
60	0.2236	0.1548	0.1372	0.1191	0.0811	0.0856	0.0656	0.0649	0.0436	0.0386
65	0.2236	0.1454	0.1372	0.1169	0.0813	0.0871	0.0678	0.0603	0.0281	0.0285
70	0.2236	0.1471	0.1372	0.1173	0.0813	0.0868	0.0675	0.0611	0.0308	0.0303

After 10 years of service, base termination rates vary by gender and by the number of years remaining until first retirement eligibility. For City of Hallettsville the base table is then multiplied by a factor of 82.0% based on the experience of the city in comparison to the group as a whole. A further multiplier is applied depending on an employee's classification: 1) Fire – 54%, 2) Police – 83%, or 3) Other – 113%. A sample of the base rates follows:

N C		
Years from		
Retirement	Male	Female
1	1.82%	2.34%
2	2.43%	3.15%
3	2.87%	3.75%
4	3.24%	4.25%
5	3.55%	4.67%
6	3.83%	5.06%
7	4.08%	5.40%
8	4.32%	5.72%
9	4.53%	6.02%
10	4.74%	6.30%
11	4.93%	6.57%
12	5.11%	6.82%
13	5.28%	7.06%
14	5.45%	7.28%
15	5.60%	7.50%

Termination rates end at first eligibility for retirement

B. Forfeiture Rates (Withdrawal of Member Deposits from TMRS) for vested members vary by age and employer match, and they are expressed as a percentage of the termination rates shown in (A). The withdrawal rates for cities with a 2-to-1 match are shown below. 4% is added to the rates for 1½-to-1 cities, and 8% is added for 1-to-1 cities.

Age	Percent of Terminating Employees Choosing to Take a Refund
25	40.2%
30	40.2%
35	40.2%
40	37.0%
45	31.6%
50	26.1%
55	20.7%

Forfeiture rates end at first eligibility for retirement.

C. Service Retirees and Beneficiary Mortality Rates

For calculating the OPEB liability and the OPEB contribution rates, the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. Based on the size of the city, rates are multiplied by an additional factor of 100.0%.

D. Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates

For calculating the OPEB liability and the OPEB contribution rates, the mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

E. Pre-Retirement Mortality

For calculating the OPEB liability and the contribution rates, the PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements.

F. Disability Rates

Age	Males & Females
20	0.000003
25	0.000019
30	0.000074
35	0.000194
40	0.000371
45	0.000603
50	0.000891
55	0.001235
60	0.001635
65	0.002090

G. Service Retirement Rates, applied to both Active and Inactive Members

The base table rates vary by age. For members under age 62, these base rates are then multiplied by 2 factors based on 1) employee contribution rate and employer match and 2) if the city has a recurring COLA.

Age	
<50	0.05
50-51	0.07
52-54	0.08
55-59	0.13
60	0.16
61	0.17
62	0.25
63-64	0.20
65-74	0.30
75 and over	1.00

Note: For cities without a 20-year/any age retirement provision, the rates are loaded by 50% for ages 60 & below with 25 or more years of service.

Plan Design Factors Applied to Base Retirement Rates

	Emp	loyee Contributior	n Rate
Employer Match	5%	6%	7%
1 – 1	0.75	0.80	0.84
1.5 - 1	0.81	0.86	0.92
2 - 1	0.86	0.93	1.00

Recurring COLA:100%No Recurring COLA:95%

III. Methods and Assumptions

- A. Valuation of Assets For purposes of calculating the Total OPEB Liability, the plan is considered to be unfunded and therefore no assets are accumulated for OPEB.
- B. Actuarial Cost Method: The actuarial cost method being used is known as the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method develops the annual cost of the Plan in two parts: that attributable to benefits accruing in the current year, known as the normal cost, and that due to service earned prior to the current year, known as the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability are calculated individually for each member. The normal cost rate for an employee is the contribution rate which, if applied to a member's compensation throughout their period of anticipated covered service with the municipality, would be sufficient to meet all benefits payable on their behalf. The normal cost is calculated using an entry age based on benefit service with the current city. If a member has additional time-only vesting service through service with other TMRS cities or other public agencies, they retain this for determination of benefit eligibility and decrement rates. The salary-weighted average of these rates is the total normal cost rate. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability reflects the difference between the portion of projected benefits attributable to service credited prior to the valuation date and assets already accumulated.
- C. Supplemental Death Benefit The contribution rate for the Supplemental Death Benefit (SDB) is equal to the expected benefit payments during the upcoming year divided by the annualized pay of current active members and is calculated separately for actives and retirees. Due to the significant reserve in the Supplemental Death Fund, the SDB rate for retiree coverage is currently only one-third of the total term cost. Beginning January 2021, the SDB rate for retirees will be based on the full term cost.

IV. Other Assumptions

- 1. Inactive Population: All non-vested members of a city are assumed to take an immediate refund if they are not contributing members in another city. Vested members not contributing in another city are assumed to take a deferred retirement benefit, except for those who have terminated in the past 12 months for whom one year of forfeiture probability is assumed. The forfeiture rates for inactive members of a city who are contributing members in another city are equal to the probability of termination multiplied by the forfeiture rates shown in II(A) and II(B) respectively. These rates are applied each year until retirement eligibility. Once a member is retirement eligible, they are assumed to commence benefits based on the service retirement rates shown in II(G).
- 2. There will be no recoveries once disabled.
- 3. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.

- 4. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- 5. Decrement relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
- 6. Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.
- 7. Benefit Service: All members are assumed to accrue 1 year of eligibility service each year.
- 8. The decrement rates for service-related decrements are based on total TMRS eligibility service.

V. Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birthdate, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service and salary. For retired members, the data included date of birth, gender and date of retirement.

To the extent possible we have made use of all available data fields in the calculation of the liabilities stated in this report. Adjustments are made for members who have service both in a city with "20 and out" retirement eligibility and one that hasn't adopted it to calculate the earliest possible retirement date.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date.

Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad, or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. T	otal pension liability	2019	2018	2017	2016
1.	Service Cost	\$176,886	\$174,312	\$175,461	\$170,705
2.	Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	524,274	498,923	479,223	458,080
3.	Changes of benefit terms	0	0	0	0
4.	Difference between expected and actual experience	36,191	(34,211)	(77,630)	(37,062)
5.	Changes of assumptions	14,803	0	0	0
6.	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(273,760)	(255,735)	(313,503)	248,241
7.	Net change in total pension liability	478,394	383,289	263,551	343,482
8.	Total pension liability beginning	7,815,454	7,432,165	7,168,614	6,825,132
9.	Total pension liability - ending	8,293,848	7,815,454	7,432,165	7,168,614
B.]	Plan fiduciary net position				
1.	Contributions - employer	176,059	184,709	187,021	170,421
2.	Contributions - employee	73,906	73,364	73,170	71,614
3.	Net investment income	1,039,653	(207,703)	851,122	389,413
4.	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(273,760)	(255,735)	(313,503)	(248,241)
5.	Administrative Expense	(5,873)	(4,014)	(4,410)	(4,397)
6.	Other	(176)	(210)	(224)	(237)
7.	Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,009,808	(209,590)	793,177	378,573
8.	Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	6,723,658	6,933,248	6,140,071	5,761,498
9.	Plan fiduciary net position - ending	7,733,466	6,723,658	6,933,248	6,140,071
		\$560,382	¢1.001.70C	¢ 400 01 7	¢1.000.542
С. Г	Net pension liability (A.9 - B.9)	\$300,382	\$1,091,796	\$498,917	\$1,028,543
рг	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension				
	liability (Item B.9/Item A.9)	93.24%	86.03%	93.29%	85.65%
E. C	Covered-employee payroll (B.9 / A.9)	\$1,487,686	\$1,467,274	\$1,463,395	\$1,414,290
				. , ,	. , , ,
F. N payr	et pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered employee oll				
rwjr		37.67%	74.41%	34.09%	72.73%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ xxx,xxx	\$ xxx,xxx	\$ xxx,xxx	\$ xxx,xxx
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ xxx,xxx	\$ xxx,xxx	\$ xxx,xxx	\$ xxx,xxx
Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ xxx,xxx \$ xxx,xxx xx.xx%	\$ xxx,xxx \$ xxx,xxx xx.xx%	\$ xxx,xxx \$ xxx,xxx xx.xx%	\$ xxx,xxx \$ xxx,xxx xx.xx%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:	
Notes	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and
	become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization	Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed 26 years
Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return	10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor2.50%3.50% to 11.50% including inflation6.75%
Retirement Age Mortality	 Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018 Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee tables used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Other Information: Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year.

OPEB Retirement System Information:

OPEB Plans

Covered-employee payroll

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes for the year	2019
1. Service Cost	\$4,314
2. Interest on Total OPEB Liability	4,829
3. Changes of benefit terms including TMRS plan participation	0
4. Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,988)
5. Changes in assumptions or other inputs	24,868
6. Benefit payments	(1,190)
7. Net changes	29,833
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	128,593
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$158,426

Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll10.659

\$1,487,686

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		SI	PECIAL REV	ENUE		
	FIRE TRUCK FUND	FRIENCH SIMPSON MEMORIAL LIBRARY	GRANT FUND	HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX	VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION	TOTAL
ASSETS	#02.200	¢(1.0 0 0	¢104 400	ФСС 551	¢24.507	\$2.62.5 7 7
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowance	\$93,290	\$64,829	\$104,400	\$66,551	\$34,507	\$363,577
for Uncollectibles)				14,481		14,481
Prepaid Expenses						0
Due from Other Funds Total Assets	£02 200	\$64.920	\$104.400	¢ 01 022	\$24.507	\$278.058
1 otal Assets	\$93,290	\$64,829	\$104,400	\$81,032	\$34,507	\$378,058
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		\$283		\$16,249		\$16,532
Due to Other Funds Bank Overdraft						0
Total Liabilities	0	283	0	16,249	0	16,532
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid Expenses Restricted						0
Community Development		64,546	104,400	64,783		233,729
Committed		01,010	101,100	01,705		200,120
Public Safety	93,290				34,507	127,797
Unassigned						0
Total Fund Balances	93,290	64,546	104,400	64,783	34,507	361,526
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$93,290	\$64,829	\$104,400	\$81,032	\$34,507	\$378,058

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE					
	FIRE TRUCK FUND	FRIENCH SIMPSON MEMORIAL LIBRARY	GRANT FUND	HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX	VOLUNTEER FIREMEN PENSION	TOTAL
REVENUES						
Taxes Sales Hatal Occurrency				66,457		\$0 66,457
Hotel Occupancy Intergovernmental		15,987	637,864	00,437		653,851
Interest	636	13,987	037,804	300	272	1,208
Miscellaneous	10,000	64,724		500	212	74,724
Total Revenues	10,000	80,711	637,864	66,757	272	796,240
Total Revenues	10,050	00,711	057,004	00,757	212	770,240
<i>EXPENDITURES</i> Current: General Administration						
Community Development Public Safety		12,923	346,117			359,040
Fire Culture and Recreation					200	200
Tourism				80,290		80,290
Total Expenditures	0	12,923	346,117	80,290	200	439,530
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	10,636	67,788	291,747	(13,533)	72	356,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In						0
Operating Transfers Out		(3,242)	(80,764)			(84,006)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(3,242)	(80,764)	0	0	(84,006)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	10,636	64,546	210,983	(13,533)	72	272,704
Fund Balances - Beginning	82,654	0	(106,583)	78,316	34,435	88,822
Fund Balances - Ending	\$93,290	\$64,546	\$104,400	\$64,783	\$34,507	\$361,526

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.